

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date 23-Apr-2015 Revision Date 23-Apr-2015 Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Name ortho-Cresol / Chloroform 70/30% Fresh

Other means of identification

Product Code 4805 UN/ID no. UN2927

Synonyms For ortho-cresol: o-cresol; 2-methylphenol; For Chloroform: Trichloromethane: Methyl

trichloride; Methane trichloride

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer Address Harrell Industries, Inc. 2495 Commerce Drive Rock Hill, SC 29730

www.harrellindustries.com

Emergency telephone number

 Company Phone Number
 803-327-6335

 Fax Number
 803-327-7808

 24 Hour Emergency Phone Number
 800 633-8253 (PERS)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Label elements

Emergency Overview

Danger

Hazard statements

Harmful if swallowed Harmful if inhaled Harmful in contact with skin

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage



Appearance Clear colorless yellowish

Physical state liquid

Odor Characteristic, ethereal and

phenol-like

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

Other Information

Not applicable

Unknown acute toxicity 100% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance

Synonyms For ortho-cresol: o-cresol; 2-methylphenol;, For Chloroform: Trichloromethane: Methyl

trichloride; Methane trichloride.

Formula Not applicable to mixtures

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%
o-Cresol	95-48-7	70.00
Chloroform	67-66-3	30.00

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye contact For othro-Cresol and Chloroform: Causes skin irritation resulting in redness and pain.

Removes natural oils. May be absorbed through the sknin.

Skin contact For ortho-Cresol and Chloroform: Causes skin irritation resulting in redness and pain.

Removes natural oils. May be absorbed through the skin.

Inhalation For Ortho-Cresol and Chloroform: Acts as a relatively potent anesthetic. Irrigates

respiratory tract and causes central nervous system effects, including headache, drowsiness, and dizziness. Exposure to higher concentrations may result in

unconsciousness and even death. May cause liver injury and blood disorders. Prolonged exposure may lead to death due to irregular heartbeat and kidney and liver disorders.

Ingestion For ortho-Cresol: Causes severe pain in the mouth and throat. Ingestion leads to burning

pain in the mouth and abdominal pain, vomiting, and bloody diarrhea. Victim nay go into shock. Possible delirium followed by unconsciousness. If death does not result, kidney damage may occur. Large quantities may cause symptoms similar to inhalations. For Chloroform: Causes severe burning in mouth and throat, pain in the chest and vomiting.

Large quantities may cause symptoms similar to inhalation.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Water spray may be used to keep fire exposed containers cool.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Caution: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

No information available.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None. Sensitivity to Static Discharge None.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up Contain and recover liquid when possible. Collect liquid in an appropriate container or

absorb with an inert substance and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use

combustibles such as sawdust. Do not flush in sewer.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep in tightly closed container, stored in a cool, dry, ventilated area away from sources of

heat, moisture, and incompatibles.

Incompatible materials Strong caustics and chemically active metals such as aluminum, magnesium powder,

sodium, or potassium; acetone, fluorine, methanol, sodium methoxide and dinitrogen tetroxide, tert-butoxide, triisopropylphosphine. Strong oxidizing agents and halogens. Corrosive to any metal, including aluminum, lead, magnesium, and zinc. Chloroform: Strong caustics and chemically active metals such as aluminum, magnesium powder, sodium, or potassium; acetone, fluorine, methanol, sodium methoxide, dinitrogen tetroxide,

tert-butoxide, triisopropylphosphine.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational

exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
o-Cresol	TWA: 20 mg/m ³ inhalable fraction	-	IDLH: 250 ppm
95-48-7	and vapor		TWA: 2.3 ppm
	S*		TWA: 10 mg/m ³
Chloroform	TWA: 10 ppm	(vacated) TWA: 2 ppm	IDLH: 500 ppm
67-66-3		(vacated) TWA: 9.78 mg/m ³	STEL: 2 ppm 60 min
		Ceiling: 50 ppm	STEL: 9.78 mg/m ³ 60 min
		Ceiling: 240 mg/m ³	

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Showers

Eyewash stations Ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Use chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield. Maintain eye wash fountain and

quick-drench facilities in work area.

Skin and body protection Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls,

as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory protection If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved

respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be

provided in accordance with current local regulations.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Appearance Clear colorless yellowish Odor Characteristic, ethereal

and phenol-like

Color Yellowish Odor threshold No information available

Property Values Remarks • Method

pH
Melting point / freezing point

Boiling point / boiling range
Flash point
Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas) Flammability Limit in Air

Flammability Limit in Air
Upper flammability limit:
Lower flammability limit:

Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density

Water solubility
Solubility in other solvents

Partition coefficient Autoignition temperature Decomposition temperature

Kinematic viscosity Dynamic viscosity Explosive properties Oxidizing properties No information available No information available

No information available No information available No information available No information available

1.150@25C

No information available No information available

Other Information

Softening point
Molecular weight
VOC Content (%)
Density
No information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No data available

Chemical stability

Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage. The pH decreases on prolonged exposure to light and air due to formation of HCI from Chloroform.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Hazardous polymerization Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials. Heat. light. air.

Incompatible materials

Strong caustics and chemically active metals such as aluminum, magnesium powder, sodium, or potassium; acetone, fluorine, methanol, sodium methoxide and dinitrogen tetroxide, tert-butoxide, triisopropylphosphine. Strong oxidizing agents and halogens. Corrosive to any metal, including aluminum, lead, magnesium, and zinc. Chloroform: Strong caustics and chemically active metals such as aluminum, magnesium powder, sodium, or potassium; acetone, fluorine, methanol, sodium methoxide, dinitrogen tetroxide, tert-butoxide, triisopropylphosphine.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Hydrogen chloride, chlorine, phosgene, and carbon monoxide may be released upon heating to decomposition. Chloroform: May produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen chloride and phosgene when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information No data available

Inhalation Acts as a relatively potent anesthetic. Irritates respiratory tract and causes central nervous

system effects, including headache, drowsiness, and dizziness. Exposure to higher concentrations may result in unconsciousness and even death. May cause liver injury and blood disorders. Prolonged exposure may lead to death due to irregular heartbeat and

kidney and liver disorders.

Eye contact Eye Contact (for ortho-Cresol and Chloroform): Vapors cause pain and irritation to eyes.

Splashes may cause severe irritation and possible eye damage. Chronic Exposure (for ortho-Cresol): Chronic overexposure may cause central nervous system depression and

liver, kidney, pancreas, lung, and/or spleen damage.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation resulting in redness and pain. Removes natural oils. May be absorbed

through the skin.

Ingestion Causes severe burning in mouth and throat, pain in the chest and vomiting. Large quantities

may cause symptoms similar to inhalation.

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
o-Cresol	= 121 mg/kg (Rat)	= 890 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 1220 mg/m³ (Rat) 1 h
95-48-7			
Chloroform	= 450 mg/kg (Rat) = 695 mg/kg (> 20 g/kg (Rabbit)	= 47702 mg/m ³ (Rat) 4 h
67-66-3	Rat)		1

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms For o-Cresol: Acute Effects: Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous

membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin. Inhalation may result in spasm, inflammation, and edema of the larynx and bronchi, chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary edema. Symptoms of exposure may include burning sensation, coughing, wheezing, laryngitis, shortness of breath, headache, nausea, and vomiting. Can cause Central Nervous System depression. Exposure can cause: vomiting, diarrhea, headache, and gastrointestinal disturbances. Causes burns. Toxic if absorbed through skin. Readily absorbed through the skin. May be fatal if inhaled. Toxic if swallowed.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Sensitization

Germ cell mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Chloroform	A3	Group 2A	Reasonably Anticipated	X
67-66-3		Group 2B		
		Group 3		

Reproductive toxicity
STOT - single exposure
STOT - repeated exposure

Target Organ Effects
Aspiration hazard

liver, kidney, spleen, Central nervous system, Cardiovascular system, Pancreas, lungs.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

When released into the soil, this material is expected to readily biodegrade. When released into the soil, this material is not expected to leach into groundwater. When released into the soil, this material may evaporate to a moderate extent. When released into the soil, this material is expected to have a half-life between 1 and 10 days. When released into water, this material is expected to readily biodegrade. When released into water, this material is not expected to evaporate significantly. When released into water, this material is expected to have a half-life between 10 and 30 days. This material has an estimated bioconcentration factor (BCF) of less than 100. This material is not expected to significantly bioaccumulate. When released into the air, this material is expected to be readily degraded by reaction with photochemically produced hydroxyl radicals. When released into the air, this material may be moderately degraded by photolysis. When released into the air, this material is expected to have a half-life of less than 1 day. Environmental Toxicity (for Phenol): This material is expected to be toxic to aquatic life. The LC50/96-hour values for fish are between 10 and 100 mg/l.

100% of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
o-Cresol	65: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella	9.72 - 15.92: 96 h Pimephales	9.5: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L
95-48-7	subcapitata mg/L EC50	promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through 24: 96 h Brachydanio rerio mg/L LC50 11.5: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 18.37 - 24.21: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 8.4: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 flow-through 14.07 - 23.61: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L LC50 static	EC50 15.8: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 Static
Chloroform 67-66-3	560: 48 h Desmodesmus subspicatus mg/L EC50	71: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through 18: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 flow-through 18: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 flow-through 300: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L LC50 static	29: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulation

Chemical Name	Partition coefficient
o-Cresol 95-48-7	1.95
Chloroform 67-66-3	2

Other adverse effects No information available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastesDisposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an

appropriate and approved waste disposal facility.

Contaminated packaging Do not reuse container.

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
o-Cresol	=	Included in waste stream:	200.0 mg/L regulatory level	-
95-48-7		F039 Included in waste stream: K060		
Chloroform 67-66-3	U044	Included in waste streams: F024, F025, F039, K009, K010, K019, K020, K021, K029, K073, K116, K149, K150, K151, K158	6.0 mg/L regulatory level	U044

Chemical Name	RCRA - Halogenated Organic Compounds	RCRA - P Series Wastes	RCRA - F Series Wastes	RCRA - K Series Wastes
Chloroform 67-66-3	Category I - Volatiles	_	Toxic waste waste number F025 Waste description: Condensed light ends, spent filters and filter aids, and spent desiccant wastes from the production of certain chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons, by free radical catalyzed processes. These chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons are those having carbon chain lengths ranging from one to and including five, with varying amounts and positions of chlorine substitution.	waste from fluoromethanes production.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Chloroform	Toxic
67-66-3	

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Regulated UN/ID no. UN2927

Proper shipping name Toxic Liquids, Corrosive, Organic, N.O.S., (Ortho-Cresol/Chloroform Aged 70/30%)

Hazard Class 6.1 Subsidiary class (8), Packing Group II

Reportable Quantity (RQ) 10 lbs (4.54 kg)

TDG Regulated UN/ID no. UN2927

Proper shipping name Toxic Liquids, Corrosive, Organic, N.O.S., (Ortho-Cresol/Chloroform Aged 70/30%)

Hazard Class 6.1 Subsidiary class (8), Packing Group II

MEX Regulated UN/ID no. UN2927

Proper shipping name Toxic Liquids, Corrosive, Organic, N.O.S., (Phenol/Cresol)

Hazard Class 6.1 Subsidiary class (8), Packing Group II

ICAO (air) Regulated UN/ID no. UN2927

Proper shipping name Toxic Liquids, Corrosive, Organic, N.O.S., (Phenol/Cresol)

Hazard Class 6.1
Subsidiary hazard class (8),
Packing Group II
IATA Regulated

UN/ID no. UN2927

Proper shipping name Toxic Liquids, Corrosive, Organic, N.O.S.

Hazard Class 6.1 Subsidiary hazard class (8), Packing Group II

IMDGRegulatedUN/ID no.UN2927

Proper shipping name Toxic Liquids, Corrosive, Organic, N.O.S.

Hazard Class 6.1 Subsidiary hazard class (8), Packing Group II

RID Regulated UN/ID no. UN2927

Proper shipping name Toxic Liquids, Corrosive, Organic, N.O.S., (Phenol/Cresol)

Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group

ADR Regulated UN/ID no. UN2927

Proper shipping name Toxic Liquids, Corrosive, Organic, N.O.S., (Phenol/Cresol)

Hazard Class 6. Packing Group

ADN Regulated UN2927

Proper shipping name Toxic Liquids, Corrosive, Organic, N.O.S., (Phenol/Cresol)

Hazard Class 6.1 Packing Group

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Complies **DSL/NDSL** Complies **EINECS/ELINCS** Complies **ENCS** Complies Complies **IECSC** Complies **KECL** Complies **PICCS AICS** Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances **IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Chemical Name	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
o-Cresol - 95-48-7	1.0
Chloroform - 67-66-3	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard No
Chronic Health Hazard No
Fire hazard No
Sudden release of pressure hazard No
Reactive Hazard No

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
o-Cresol 95-48-7	-	-	-	Х
Chloroform 67-66-3	10 lb	X	X	X

CERCLA

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
o-Cresol	100 lb	100 lb	RQ 100 lb final RQ
95-48-7			RQ 45.4 kg final RQ
Chloroform 67-66-3	10 lb 1 lb	10 lb	RQ 10 lb final RQ RQ 4.54 kg final RQ RQ 1 lb final RQ RQ 0.454 kg final RQ

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65	
Chloroform - 67-66-3	Carcinogen Developmental	

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
o-Cresol 95-48-7	Х	X	Х
Chloroform 67-66-3	X	X	Х

U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OF THE LAST REVISION

NFPA Health hazards 3 Flammability 2 Instability 0 Physical and Chemical

Properties -

HMIS Health hazards 3 Flammability 0 Physical hazards 0 Personal protection X

Issue Date23-Apr-2015Revision Date23-Apr-2015

Revision Note

No information available

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet